Teaching and Examination Syllabus of

Bachelor of Technology (2nd Year)

in

Civil Engineering



Department of Civil Engineering Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology, Surat

Third Semester (2nd year of UG) (Subjects)

Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology (SVNIT) Surat Department of Civil Engineering B.Tech. Civil Engineering

Sr. No.	Subject	Code	Scheme L-T-P	Credits (Min.)	Notional hours of Learning (Approx.)
	First Semester (1 st year of UG)				- Contractor M
1	Engineering Graphics	<u>CE101</u>	2-0-4	4	100
2	Surveying-I	<u>CE103</u>	3-1-2	5	100
3	Environmental Pollution and Management	<u>CE105</u>	3-0-0	3	55
4	Mathematics-I	<u>MA109</u>	3-1-0	4	70
5	English and Professional Communication	HS110	3-1-0	4	70
			Total	20	395
6	Vocational Training / Professional Experience (Optional) (Mandatory for Exit)	CEV01 / CEP01	0-0-10	5	200 (20 x 10)
	Second Semester (1 st year of UG)				
1	Mechanics of Materials	<u>CE102</u>	3-0-2	4	85
2	Building Technology	<u>CE104</u>	3-0-2	4	85
3	Material Science	CY108	3-0-2	4	85
4	Mathematics II	MA108	3-1-0	4	70
5	Innovation, Incubation and Entrepreneurship	MG110	3-1-0	4	70
6	Indian Value System and Social Consciousness	H\$120	2-0-0	2	35
U	Indian value of stell and construction		Total	22	430
7	Vocational Training / Professional Experience (Optional) (Mandatory for Exit)	CEV02 / CEP02	0-0-10	5	200 (20 x 10)
	Third Semester (2 nd year of UG)				
1	Hydraulic Engineering	CE201	3-1-2	5	100
2	Environmental Engineering	CE203	3-1-2	5	100
3	Building & Town Planning	CE231	3-1-2	5	100
4	Surveying II	CE207	3-1-2	5	100
5	Elective	CE2AA	3-X-X	3/4	55/70/85
			Total	23-24	455
	Fourth Semester (2 nd year of UG)				
1	Concrete Technology	CE202	3-0-2	4	85
2	Highway Materials & Construction	CE204	3-0-2	4	85
3	Soil Mechanics	CE232	3-1-2	5	100
4	Elementary Structural Mechanics	CE206	3-0-2	4	85
5	Elective	CE2BB	3-X-X	3/4	55/70/85
			Total	20-21	410-440
6	Minor / Honor (M/H#1)	CE2CC	3-X-X	4	70/85
7	Vocational Training / Professional Experience (Optional) (Mandatory for Exit)	CEV04 / CEP04	0-0-10	5	200 (20 x 10)
	Fifth Semester (3 rd year of UG)	CE201	3-0-2	1	85
1	Design of Steel Structures	CESUI	3-0-2		0.5

Subject Code: ##nXX; ##: Department Identity, n: Year, XX: Subject Sequence number XX: last digit 0 (subject offered in both ODD and EVEN semesters, XX: 01 to 30 – last digit ODD and EVEN for ODD and EVEN semesters (Mandatory Core), XX: 31 to 50 (Optional Core), XX: 51 to 99 (Elective), Subjects list for Minor and Honor (M/H#1-4), Subjects list for Specialization track (#1-4) EG: Engineering Subject, SC: Science Subject (offered combinedly by departments) (SVNIT Surat)

Curriculum SVNIT Surat (58th Senate, 31 May 2023)

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Apply linear momentum and energy equation in fluid flow problems
CO2	Analyse laminar and turbulent flows through close conduits
CO3	Analyze the growth of Boundary layer over flat plate
CO4	Compute and analyse flow in open conduit
CO5	Analyse the flow through pumps and turbines

2. Syllabus

FLUIDS PROPERTIES AND HYDROSTATICS

Fluid continuum, fluid properties, hydrostatic forces on plain and curved surfaces, stability of floating and submerged bodies, pressure measurements.

FLUID KINEMATICS AND DYNAMICS

Concept of fluid particles, stream lines, path lines, differential forms of continuity equation, stream function, translation, deformation, rotation, circulation and vorticity of fluid elements, , stream function, potential function, flow net, acceleration of fluid elements; System and control volume. Steady linear momentum equation, Euler's equation for one-dimensional flow, Bernoulli's equation including its applications for fluid flow problems.

BOUNDARY LAYER THEORY

Concept and thickness of laminar and turbulent boundary layers over flat plates, boundary layer separation and their control.

LAMINAR AND TURBULENT FLOWS

Reynolds experiments, Reynolds number and classification of laminar, transition and turbulent flows, flow development in laminar and turbulent flows, shear stress distribution, Hagen Poiseuille's equation, Coquette flow; characteristics of turbulent flows, Reynolds shear stresses, Prandtl's mixing length theory, velocity distributions in closed conduit flows with hydro dynamically smooth and turbulent flows, friction factor.

APPLICATION OF FLUID FLOWS THROUGH PIPES

Major and minor head losses, pipes in series and parallel, pipes with equivalent diameter and length, Total energy and hydraulic gradient lines, analysis of water distribution network.

DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS

Development of functional relationships for fluid flows, pertinent and superfluous variables, Physical model laws, scale effect, distorted and undistorted models.

• FLOWS AND CONCEPT OF SPECIFIC ENERGY IN OPEN CONDUITS (08 Hours)

Classification of open conduits flows, velocity and pressure distributions, applications of energy and momentum equations in open channels, development of uniform flows, resistance law, efficient channel section, section factors, specific energy and depth-discharge diagrams, critical flow, hydraulic jump.

INTRODUCTION TO PUPMS

Classification of pumps, working principles and components of centrifugal pumps, velocity vector diagram and work done by centrifugal pumps, single and multistage pumps, Pumps in parallel and series, efficiency of pumps, operating characteristics of centrifugal pump.

(03 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(02 Hours)

С L Т Р 3 1 2 5

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

3. Practical

- 1. Determination of metacentric height.
- 2. Estimation of hydraulic coefficients for orifice.
- 3. Calibration of rectangular and triangular notches.
- 4. Calibration of Venturi meter and orifice meter.
- 5. Verification of Bernoulli's principle.
- 6. Friction factors for laminar and turbulent flows for single and multiple pipes.
- 7. Characteristics of Forced and free vortex.
- 8. Measurement of velocity distribution using Pitot tube and Current meter.
- 9. Development of specific energy diagram.
- 10. Characteristics of Hydraulic jump.
- 11. Operating characteristics of centrifugal pumps.

(Total Lectures: 45 hours, Tutorial: 14 hours)

4. Books Recommended

- 1. W R Fox and A T McDonald, Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, Wiley and Sons Inc., New York, 1998.
- 2. A K Jain, Fluid Mechanics including Hydraulic Machines, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2000.
- 3. K G Ranga Raju, Flow through Open channel, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 1997.
- 4. K Subramanya, Flow in Open Channels, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 1998.
- 5. F M. White, Fluid Mechanics, The McGraw Hill Companies, New York, 2008

5. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	2	2	2	
CO2	1	1	1	
CO3	1	1	1	
CO4	1	1	1	
CO5	1	1	1	
1-Low	2-1	Moderate	e 3-H	High

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of Course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyze water quality and quantity requirements for given uses
CO2	Summarize the physical, chemical and biological characteristics of wastewater
CO3	Design water treatment plant based on the source water quality
CO4	Differentiate amongst various unit operations and processes for municipal wastewater treatment with design applications
CO5	Analyze different wastewater disposal options available

2. Syllabus

QUALITY AND QUANTITY OF WATER

Water quality parameters – physical, chemical and microbiological, principles of their analysis. Drinking water quality standards. Water demand – types of demand, variation in demand, population forecast. Sources of water - Intake structures

WATER TREATMENT

Need for water treatment. Process details and design considerations of treatment units such as aeration, sedimentation, coagulation and flocculation, filtration, disinfection, and water softening.

WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Pumps and pumping stations. Pipes, Pipe appurtenances. Testing of water main - Distribution reservoirs - Distribution methods – Introduction to pipe network analysis -Planning of water supply project

MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER QUANTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS

Wastewater Quantity - Classification of wastewater - Sewerage system for domestic wastewater and storm water - Collections, and appurtenances - Design and layout of sewerage systems - Maintenance of sewerage systems - Physical, Chemical & Biological characteristics and their significance.

TREATMENT OF MUNICIPAL WASTEWATER

Objectives of Wastewater treatment- Treatment methods: Unit Operations and Processes Design criteria - Design of primary treatment System. Concepts of aerobic and anaerobic Biological treatment and removal mechanism, Design of various biological systems. Importance of nutrient removal, Sludge treatment methods

WASTEWATER DISPOSAL

purification of streams, Disposal standards, House drainage system, Septic tank application and design

(Total Lecture Hours 45, Tutorial: 15 hours)

3. Practicals

- 1. Water/wastewater quality: Determination of Turbidity, pH, alkalinity
- 2. Water quality: Hardness
- 3. Water quality: Fluoride
- 4. Water quality: Chlorides
- 5. Determination of Chlorine Demand and Chlorine Residual.
- 6. Determination of optimum coagulant dosage
- 7. Water quality: Bacteriological analysis of water.
- 8. Water and wastewater quality: Different types of solids
- 9. Water and wastewater quality: Sulphates and Phosphates

(10 Hours)

(8 Hours)

(4 Hours)

(8 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(05 Hours) Land disposal, Self

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- 10. Wastewater: Chemical oxygen demand
- 11. Wastewater: Biochemical oxygen demand

4. Book Recommended

- M L Davis, Water and Wastewater Engineering, McGraw-Hill, 2010.
 Manual on Water Supply & Treatment 3rd Ed. Central Public Health & Environmental Engg. Organization, Ministry of Urban Development, Govt. of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 3. G L Karia, R A Christian and N D Jariwala "Wastewater Treatment Concepts & Design Approach", PrenticeHall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2023.
- 4. Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment, CPH and EE Organisation, Ministry of works and housing Govt. of India, New Delhi, 1991.
- 5. T J McGhee, "Water Supply & Sewerage", McGraw Hill International Edition, New Delhi, 1991.

B. Tech. II (Civil) Semester – III	L	т	Р	С
CE231 Building Planning	3	1	2	5

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

Students will be able to

CO1- Comprehend the provisions of building bye-laws, National Building Code and relevant acts, guidelines, codes in respect of building planning.

CO2- Understand, interpret and prepare working drawings, foundation plans and perspective drawing

CO3- Plan buildings and prepare approval drawings.

CO4- Apply the knowledge of Building Planning in Infrastructure planning as civil engineer.

CO5- Design and plan residential areas considering socio-economic factors.

2. Syllabus

• BUILDING SYSTEMS:

Introduction to buildings, Classification of buildings, Factors affecting site selection and Housing Location choice, Passive Planning.

• PLANNING APPROACH:

Building by–laws as per National Building Code and as per local authority, Overview of URDPFI and RERA, Process of planning, Family requirements and analysis, Conceptual plan using bubble and line outlines, Residential building forms. Role of Different stockholders in Planning.

• BUILDINGS PLANNING:

Principles of building planning, significance of sun diagram, wind diagram, orientation, factors affecting, and criteria under Indian condition, Approach of activity analysis for Residential and public buildings, Plan preparation for residential and Public building. Elements of human scale, Size and dimension decisions, Furniture layouts.

• ARCHITECTURAL COMPOSITION:

Mass Composition, Principles of elevation development-techniques, Impacts of colour and structure character, landscaping.

• BUILDING DRAWINGS:

Overview of Working and approval drawings, overview of Plan permission process and ODPS, One and two Perspective drawings, building service drawings and Fundamentals of electrical and plumbing layouts, Building drawing software applications

LIST OF TUTORIALS

- 1. Comprehending the Technical terms
- 2. Study of Building bye-laws and National Building Code
- 3. Study of model house and comprehend the planning parameters adopted.
- 4. Study of planning parameters
- 5. Analyzing approved plan of building.
- 6. Sketching of Sub- units of Residential and Public Building
- 7. Understand and planning of Building services

LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. Sketching of own residential building.
- 2. Study of Typical building plan of given building.
- 3. Planning and design of residential buildings.
- 4. Planning and design of public buildings.
- 5. Planning and design of circulation space.
- 6. Planning and design of Building services and Landscape.
- 7. Perspective drawings.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

(09 Hours)

(14 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(04 Hours)

- 1. Modak N.V. and V.N. Ambdekar, "Town and Country Planning and Housing", Orient Longman Ltd., New Delhi. (1995)
- 2. Hiraskar G.K. "Fundamentals of Town Planning", Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi (1993).
- 3. M G Shah, C M Kale and S Y Patki, Building Drawing: With an Integrated Approach to Built Environment, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, New Dehi, 2002.
- 4. S M Patil, Building Services, Sachin Printers, Mumbai, 2004.
- 5. Y S Sane, Planning and Designing of Building, Allies Book Stall, Poona, 1990.

Mapping of CO-PO-PSO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	1	1	0	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	1	3	1	1	0	2	0	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO3	1	3	3	2	2	3	1	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	1	1	0	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1

Surveying II	L	Т	Р	Credit
CE207	3	1	2	05

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the Concept of Alignment and importance of curve in route Survey
CO2	Illustrate preparation of topographic map of hilly region.
CO3	Criteria for establishment of horizontal control points
CO4	Analyze the error in evaluated measurement from field observations
CO5	Brief the Basics of Photogrammetry, Total Station and Geospatial Technologies

2. Syllabus

Setting Out Curve Introduction, classification of curves, Definition and Notations, Simple Circular Curves, Methods of Setting out Curves, Compound Curve, Transition Curves, Vertical Curves	(10 Hours)
Tacheometric Survey Purpose, Principles of Tacheometry, Different Systems of Tacheometry, Various instruments, stadia constants, analytic lens, subtense bar, field work in tacheometry, reduction of readings, errors and precisions, Tacheometric Traversing,	(08 Hours)
Geodetic Surveying Principles - Classification if triangulation systems - Selection of stations - Signals and towers - Baseline measurement and correction - Extension of base - base net - Satellite station - Reduction to center - Introduction to theory of errors and technical terms	(12 Hours)
Theory of Errors Introduction, types of errors, definitions, laws of accidental errors, laws of weights, theory of least squares, rules for giving weights and distribution of errors to the field observations, determination of the most probable values of quantities.	(06 Hours)
Trilateration Introduction, use of triletration, Advantages and Disadvantages of Triletration, Comparison of Triletration with Triangulation, Reconnaissance, Geometrical Figures and Precision in Triletration, Adjustment of Triletration	(04 Hours)
Basics of Photogrammetry, Total Station and Geospatial Technologies Concept of photogrammetry, Brief of EDM and Total Station Survey, Fundamental of Remote Sensing, Overview of GIS, Introduction to GPS	(05 hours)

(Total Lecture Hours: 45)

<u>3. PRACTICALS / DRAWING*:</u>

- 1. Measurement of Vertical Angle with Vernier Theodolite
- 2. Measurement of Vertical Angle with Digital Theodolite
- 3. Tacheometric Exercise with different types of Theodolites I
- 4. Tacheometric Exercise with different types of Theodolites II
- 5. Determination of Tacheometric constant K and C

- 6. Exercise on Triangulation Work including satellite Station
- 7. Setting out of circular Curve by Offsets from the Long Chord
- 8. Setting out of circular Curve by Rankine (Deflection Angle) Method
- 9. Demonstration of total station and its uses
- 10. Comparison between aerial photographs and map.
- 11. Demonstration of GPS and its uses
- 12. Demonstration on GIS software
- 13. Demonstration on Remote Sensing software

*Student has to prepare a journal with description of practical as well as to prepare drawing of given exercise in prescribed drawingsheet by the teacher and has to submit the same.

4. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. Arora K.R., "Surveying and Levelling, Vol. II", Standard Publications, Delhi (2000).
- 2. Kanitkar T.P. and Kulkarni S.V., "Surveying and Levelling, Vol. II", Vidyarthi Gruh Prakashan, Pune(1995).
- 3. Subramanian, R., "Surveying and Leveling" Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 4. James M Anderson and Adward M Mikhail, "Surveying theory and practice" 7th Edition by Tata McGraw Hill Publication
- 5. W. Schofield, "Engineering Surveying", Butterworth-Heinemann Publication, New Delhi(2001)

4. CO-PO-PSO Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	3	1	2	1
CO2	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	3	1	1	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	1	3	3
CO4	1	2	3	1	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	2	1	3	1	3	3	2	1	2

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2
CO2	2	1	1
CO3	2	1	3
CO4	2	2	3
CO5	1	2	3

1-Low 2-Moderate

3-High

Third Semester (2nd year of UG)-Elective

B.Tech. II (CE) Semester – III	Scheme	L	Т	Р	Credit
ENGINEERING GEOLOGY		3	0	0	03
CE251					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Understand the fundamental principles and processes in geology
CO2	Identify different type of rocks, their formation and mineral composition
CO3	Analyze the effect of different structural features on the design of civil engineering structures
CO4	Analyze geological data by using DIPS software and its applications
CO5	Design the structures under the given geological conditions

2.	Syllabus	
	INTRODUCTION	(10 Hours)
	General geology, Earth and Earth processes, Origin, Interior and age determination of Earth, Mineralogy, Petrology. Study of Igneous, Sedimentary, and Metamorphic rocks, Silicate strue elements, Mineral characteristics, and Families of minerals.	Physical geology, ctures, Symmetry
	PROCESSES IN GEOLOGY	(11 Hours)
	Igneous processes, Bowen's reaction principle, textures and structures of plutonic and volcanic reprocesses, Sedimentary processes, Structures of sedimentary rocks, Effects of pressure Metamorphic rocks and structures, Geological work of Rivers, Sea/Oceans, Glaciers, Wind and E	rocks, Weathering and temperature, Deposits
	STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY	(15 Hours)
	Structural features, Beds, Folds, Joints, Faults, and their Influence on Civil structures, Rockmass tectonics and Sea floor spreading, Continental drift, Mechanical behavior of soils and roc stratigraphy, Standard stratigraphic Time Scale, Indian stratigraphy, Distribution of various ec their composition and mode of occurrence.	description, Plate ks, Principles of onomic minerals,
	SITE INVESTIGATION	(09 Hours)
	Geophysical Methods: Resistivity and Seismic Refraction methods, Earthquakes, Landslides, Sul Karst formations, Engineering properties of Rocks, Site selection for Slopes, Tunnels and Found construction material	bsidence, Erosion, lations, Rock as a
	(Total Le	ecture Hours: 45)

3.	Books Recommended
1	L G de Vallejo, & M Ferrer, Geological Engineering, CRC Press, Balkema, 2011.

2	M P Billings, Structural Geology, 4th Edition, Pearson India, New Delhi, 2016.
3	F G Bell, Fundamentals of Engineering Geology, Butterworth-Heinemann, Oxford, 2016.
4	S Gangopadhyay, Engineering Geology, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013.
5	A C Mclean, & C D Gribble, Geology for Civil Engineers, 2nd Edition, E. & F. N. Spon, London, 1995.

4.	Mapping of COs and POs											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	3	2	1	1
CO3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5.	Mapping of COs and PSOs					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3			
CO1	2	2	2			
CO2	2	2	2			
CO3	3	2	3			
CO4	3	2	3			
CO5	3	3	3			

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

CE252 RAILWAY ENGINEERING

CO1:Identify the Components of Railway Track, different Railway Gauges

CO2: Design track Gradients as per given requirements and Discuss various Types of Track Turnouts

CO3:Describe purposes and facilities at Railway Stations

CO4: Understanding Interlocking and modern signal system

CO5: Describe Surface Defects on Railway Track and Their Remedial Measures

• PLANNING OF RAILWAY LINES NETWORK

Railways operational system, historical background of Indian railways, plans and developments, policy and standards, traffic forecast and surveys, railway alignment, project appraisal, and organization setup.

• COMPONENT OF RAILWAY TRACK AND ROLLING STOCK: (06 Hours)

Permanent way, forces acting, rails, the function of rails, rail fixtures and fastenings, sleepers and ballast, rail joints, elements of junctions and layouts, types of traction, locomotives and other rolling stock, brake systems, resistance due to friction, wave action, wind, gradient, curvature, starting, tractive effort of a locomotive, hauling power of a locomotive.

• GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF RAILWAY TRACK:

Right of way and formation, field investigation, geometric design elements, safe speed on curves, speeds computation, string lining of curves, gradients, grade compensation, railway cant and cant deficiency, traction.

• TRACK CONSTRUCTION

Specialconsiderations and construction practices, track laying, Introduction of the maintenance programme, Monsoon, Pre-Monsoon & Post-Monsoon Maintenance, Causes for Maintenance, Routine Maintenance, Tools for Railway Track Maintenance & Their Functions, Surface Defects and Their Remedial Measures, track drainage, track circuited lengths, track tolerances, mechanized method, off-track tampers, shovel packing, ballast confinement and directed track maintenance, bridge maintenance, renewal, classification of renewal works, through sleeper renewals, mechanized relaying, track renewal trains.

• SIGNALING AND INTERLOCKING:

Objectives, classification, fixed signals, stop signals, signaling systems, mechanical signaling systems, electrical signaling systems, systems for controlling train movement, interlocking, and modern signaling installations.

• RAILWAY ACCIDENTS AND SAFETY:

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(06 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(05 Hours)

Train accidents, collision and derailments and their causes, restoration of traffic, safety measures, disaster management, classification of level crossings, accidents at level crossings, remedial measures, and maintenance of level crossings.

• RAILWAY STATION AND YARDS:

Site selection, facilities, classification, platforms, building areas, types of yards, catch sidings, ship sidings, foot over bridges, subways, cranes, weighbridge, loading gauge, end loading ramps, locomotive sheds, ash-pits, water columns, turntable, triangles, traverser, carriage washing platforms, buffer stop, scotch block, derailing switch, sand hump, fouling mark.

• HIGH-SPEEDED RAILWAYS:

Modernization of railways, the effect of high-speed track, vehicle performance on track, high-speed ground transportation system, ballastless track, track requirement for bullet trains, elevated railways, underground and tube railways.

(Total contact hours: 45)

READING:

- 1. Satish Chandra and M. Agrawal, Railway Engineering, Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2013.
- 2. Agarwal, M.M. Indian Railway Track, Prabha & Co., New Delhi, India, 1988.
- 3. Chandra S. and M.M. Agarwal Railway Engineering, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, India, 2007.
- 4. Gupta, B.L. Text Book of Railway Engineering, Standard Publishers, New Delhi, India, 1982.
- 5. S.C. Saxena and S.P. Arora, A text book of Railway engineering, Dhanpat Rai, 2001

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	1
CO2	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	0	1	0	1	1
CO3	2	2	3	2	2	1	0	2	0	1	0	0
CO4	2	3	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	1
CO5	3	2	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	2

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	1	2
CO2	3	3	2
CO3	1	2	3
CO4	2	2	3
CO5	3	2	2

Note: 1: Slightly	2: Moderately 3: S	ubstantially 0: None
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(06 Hours)

(04 Hours)

B.Tech. II (CE) Semester – III	Scheme	L	Т	Р	Credit
BUILDING MAINTENANCE		3	0	0	03
CE256					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Understand the principles of building maintenance.
CO2	Prepare a framework for asset and facility management.
CO3	Identify and control defects of building fabric.
CO4	Identify issues and control the defects of building services.
CO5	Develop the building management system.

2.	Syllabus	
	PRINCIPLES OF MAINTENANCE	(06 Hours)
	Terminology of maintenance and repairs, objective, Life expectancy of buildings, Property insp Types of maintenance, Aspects of building maintenance, Maintenance planning process and its progress, means of effective maintenance and access for maintenance, Maintenance budget es causing deterioration.	ection and report, assessment, work stimate, Agencies
	ASSET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT	(09 Hours)
	Aspects of Asset and Facility Management, Organisation Structure, Methodology, Resour Procurement and classification, Preventive and corrective maintenance, Maintenance problem Maintenance cost, Specifications for maintenance work, Quality Control, inspection and re norms, responsibility of occupants, common area of maintenance.	rce requirements, and root causes, porting, standard
	BUILDING FABRIC MAINTENANCE	(12 Hours)
	Prevention of cracks, repairs, retrofitting and seismic strengthening of buildings, constr Functional, structural and aesthetical failures, Case studies, Methodology to investigate of fai Diagnostic testing methods and equipment, Material test, NDT, Repair of cracks in concre grouting, Repair and maintenance of foundation, basement and DPC, The Efflorescence Tr building joints, Repair and maintenance of RCC element.	ruction chemical, lures in building, ete and masonry, iangle, Repair of
	MAINTENANCE OF BUILDING SYSTEMS	(12 Hours)
	Common causes for maintenance problems, painting, building pathology, maintenance of pl maintenance of drainage systems, maintenance of Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (maintenance of electrical installations, operations and maintenance of lifts and escalators, ma fighting systems, roads and pathways maintenance and upkeep, maintenance of landscaping works, solid waste management, pest and rodent control.	lumbing systems, (HVAC) systems, intenance of fire- and horticulture
	BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (BMS)	(10 Hours)
	Components, responsibilities related to BMS, good practices, Information Management, do checklists, security services for building occupants and assets/facilities, Personal Protective F	cumentation and Equipment (PPE),

	maintenance tools, good practices.	
		(Total Lecture Hours: 45)

3.	Books Recommended
1	National Building Code 2016, Volume 2, Part 12.
2	P. C. Varghese, Maintenance, Repair & Rehabilitation & Minor Works of Buildings, 1st Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2015.
3	Pieter De Wilde, Building Performance Analysis, Wiley Blackwell, 2018.
4	Wolfgang FE Praiser and Jacqueline C Vischer, Assessing Building Performance, Elsevier, 2005.
5	David Watt, Building Pathology, 2nd Edition, Blackwell Publishing, 2007.
6	James Douglas and Bill Ransom, Understanding Building Failures, 4th Edition, Routledge, 2013.

4.	Mapping of COs and POs											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	3	2	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5.	Mapping of COs and PSOs					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3			
CO1	2	1	1			
CO2	2	2	1			
CO3	2	3	2			
CO4	2	3	2			
CO5	3	3	3			

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

B.TECH. (CIVIL ENGINEERING) SEMESTER 5	L	т	Ρ	С
CE 257: ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT	3	0	0	3

Course Objectives

CO-1: Study of local and global environmental impact issues like water pollution, air pollution, noise pollution, global warming.

CO-2: Explain important Indian and global environmental protection acts and protocols.

CO-3: Introduction to EIA, Environmental Audit and ISO:14001 and their methodologies.

CO-4: Study of different national environmental policy and guidelines.

ENVIRONMENT & POLLUTION CONTROL

Environment and ecology; Causes, effects and control measures for various types of pollution like air, water, land, noise; Global Warming, Climate Change, Green House Gas Effect, Acid Rains, Ozone Layer Depletion.

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT & POLICY

Sustainability and sustainable development; Environmental management plan; Disaster management; Environmental Audit; Life cycle assessment; National environmental policy; Beyond environmentalism and sustainability issues.

• ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT:

Significant impacts of human activities / large projects; Evolution of EIA; EIA at project; regional and policy levels; Environmental clearance procedure in India; Rapid and Comprehensive EIA; significance of public participation / hearing in EIA; Post project monitoring; Resettlement and rehabilitation issues. EIA case studies / histories for different types of projects.

• INDIAN ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS AND LEGISLATION:

Significance of environmental standards, Various environmental standards such as water, waste water discharge, air emission, ambient air quality, noise etc; Significance and importance of legislation for environmental protection; Role of government, non-government organizations and citizens; Hierarchal structure of Governmental pollution control organizations in India; Important Indian environmental legislation and acts.

• GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS

ISO 14000 introduction – General description of ISO 14001 – Environment Management System (EMS) – Key elements of ISO 14001 and EMS

[Total hours: 42]

Text Books/References:

- (1) Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela, "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", Third Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall Inc., 2008.
- (2) Howard S Peavy and George Tchobanoglous, "Environmental Engineering", McGraw Hill Co, New Delhi, 2004.
- (3) Larry W. Canter, "Environmental Impact Assessment", Tata McGraw Hill Co, Singapore, 1996.
- (4) Kailash Thakur, "Environmental protection law and policy in India", Deep and Deep publishers, New Delhi, 1997.

(09 hours)

(09 hours)

(12 hours)

(09 hours)

(03 hours)

Fourth Semester (2nd year of UG) (Subjects)

B.Tech. II (CE) Semester – IV	Scheme	L	Т	Р	Credit
CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY		3	0	2	04
CE202					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Evaluate the physical and mechanical properties of ingredients of concrete.
CO2	Conduct the experiments on fresh and hardened concrete.
CO3	Produce a concrete mix compatible to design stipulations.
CO4	Apply the knowledge of special concrete and concreting methods to field.
CO5	Assess in-situ strength of concrete performing the various non-destructive tests.

2.	Syllabus					
	PROPERTIES OF CEMENT	(06 Hours)				
	Manufacturing of Portland cement, Chemical composition of Portland cement, Hydration of c cement, Physical and chemical test for cement, Different types of cement, Important properties and	ement, Setting of nd applications				
	PROPERTIES OF AGGREGATES ((
	Classification of aggregates, Important physical properties, Mechanical properties, Specific grav Moisture content and Water absorption of aggregates, Sieve analysis, Fineness modulus, Gra Grading, Deleterious Substances in aggregates, Alkali-aggregate reaction, Maximum size of aggregates	vity, Bulk density, ding curves, Gap regates.				
	MINERAL AND CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES	(05 Hours)				
	Chemical Admixtures, Accelerators, Retarder, Water reducing agents (WRA) or Plasticizer Agents, Corrosion Inhibitors, Water proofing compounds, Mineral Admixtures- Fly ash, Silie Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (GGBFS), Metakaolin etc.	s, Air Entraining ca Fume, Ground				
	FRESH CONCRETE	(05 Hours)				
	Definition of workability, Factors affecting workability, Measurement of workability - Slump factor test, Mixing of concrete ingredients, Types of mixtures, Vibration of concrete, Types of v vibrators, External vibrators, Table vibrators, Segregation and bleeding.	test, Compacting ibrators – Internal				
	STRENGTH OF CONCRETE	(05 Hours)				
	Abram's water cement law, Factors affecting strength of concrete, Different methods of Curing Atmospheric Pressure and High-Pressure Curing, Warm water method, Maturity of concrete.	, Steam Curing at				
	TESTING OF HARDENED CONCRETE	(06 Hours)				
	Need for testing, Compression test – Cube, cylinder, Prism and equivalent cube test, Effects of test results (e.g. End conditions, Capping, Moisture content, Height/Diameter ratio, Shape of s	various factors on specimen, Size of				

specimen), Rate of loading, Duration of loading, Comparison of strength of cube and cylinder tensile test, Flexure test, Non-destructive testing, needs and applications of NDTs, Rebou Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity test, Core test.	specimens, Split- nd hammer test,
MIX DESIGN	(06 Hours)
Definition and need for designing mixes - Methods of mix design – IS 10262 method of mix des examples.	sign in detail with
SPECIAL CONCRETE AND CONCRETING METHODS	(06 Hours)
Polymer Concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Fibre Reinforced Concrete, Light Weight Concrete Concrete, Hot and Cold weather Concreting, Ready mixed concrete, Self-compacting concrete aggregate concrete, Vacuum processed concrete, Shotcrete and Gunitting.	te, High Density crete, Pre placed
(Total Le	ecture Hours: 45)

3.	Practicals
1	To determine fineness of cement.
2	To determine consistency, initial and final setting time of cement.
3	To determine soundness of cement.
4	To determine compressive strength of cement.
5	To determine mechanical properties of fine aggregates.
6	To determine mechanical properties of coarse aggregates.
7	To design a concrete mix of two different grades.
8	To determine workability of concrete and study of effect of super-plasticizers on it.
9	To determine setting time of concrete.
10	To conduct destructive and non-destructive tests on standard concrete cubes.
11	To determine elastic modulus and split tensile strength of concrete.
12	To determine flexural strength of plain concrete

4.	Books Recommended
1	A M Neville, Properties of Concrete, Pitman Publishing Company, Bath, U.K., 1973.
2	M S Shetty, Concrete Technology, Theory and Practice" 2 nd ed., S. Chand and Company, New
	Delhi, 1986.
3	M L Gambhir, Concrete Technology, Tata McGraw Hill Company, New Delhi, 1986.
4	Shanthakumar, Concrete Technology, Tata McGraw Hill Company, New Delhi, 2006.
5	G E Troxell and H E Davis, Composition and Properties of Concrete, Mc Graw Hill Publication, 1998.

5.	Mapping of COs and POs											
	PO1	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12										
CO1	2	2	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0

CO2	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	3	1	0	0	0
CO4	1	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
CO5	2	2	3	3	2	2	0	2	2	1	0	0

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6.	Mapping of COs and PSOs						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3				
CO1	2	1	2				
CO2	1	1	2				
CO3	3	2	2				
CO4	2	1	2				
CO5	2	1	1				

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

B. TECH. II (TEP) SEMESTER- IV

Students will be able to

CO1: Characterise different unbound and bound materials like soil, aggregate, bitumen and various mix specifications to check their suitability

CO2: Design the bituminous mix as per the Indian guidelines

CE204 HIGHWAY MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

CO3: Design the cementitious mixes used in road construction

CO4: Appraise the construction of pavement layers as per the Indian practices

CO5: Prepare quality assurance and quality control plans in an attempt to construct better performing pavements.

• SOIL

Role of soil testing in performance of road - Subgrade requirements in road constructions, Analysis of soil behavior, Characterisation of soil as subgrade and embankment material, Resilient modulus of soil

• SOIL STABILIZATION Need of soil stabilisation, types, material requirements and design.

• AGGREGATE

Road making aggregates - Mechanical Properties of aggregates and their tests - Design of aggregate gradation

• **BITUMEN**

Bituminous binders for pavement, Penetration, Viscosity and Performance Grade of bitumen, Emulsionproperties, types, Cutbacks, modified binders

• **BITUMINOUS MIX** (06 Hours) Requirements of a bituminous mix, Mix design, Characterisation of mix properties used for pavement design

• **CEMENTITIOUS MIXES** (06 Hours) Types of cementitious mixes, Requirements of cement concrete mixes for pavement, Design of Pavement Quality Concrete, Design of Dry Lean Concrete, Design of cement treated bases and sub-bases

• HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION MACHINERIES (03 hours) Hot mix plant, Cement concrete batching plant, Paving machineries

- HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION Construction and preparation of subgrade, sub-base, base course, construction of bituminous layers, cement concrete surface course as per the specifications,
- QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN (03 hours) Quality control tests during and after construction of each layer, frequency of quality control tests.

(Total contact hours: 45)

LTPC

3 0 2 4

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)



- 1. Determination of C.B.R. value of Subgrade soil.
- 2. Determination of Abrasion value and Shape Index.
- 3. Determination of Impact and Ten percent fines value.
- 4. Determination of soundness of aggregate.
- 5. Determination of polished stone value
- 6. Determination of ductility.
- 7. Determination of softening point.
- 8. Determination of penetration value.
- 9. Determination of viscosity.
- 10. Determination of bitumen content in bituminous mix by centrifuge extraction.
- 11. Marshal stability and flow test
- 12. Determination of Gmm and Gmb
- 13. Determination of compressive strength and flexural strength of the cement concrete

REFERENCES:

- 1. Khanna S.K., Justo C.E.G., Veeraragavan A., Highway Engineering, Nem Chand and Sons, 2019.
- 2. Kadiyali L.R.Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2019.
- 3. Papagiannakis, A.T., Masad, E.A., Pavement Design and Materials, Wiley, 2008.
- 4. Kandhal, P.S., Bituminous Road Construction in India, PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd, 2016.
- 5. Hunter, R.N., Andy, S., John, R., The Shell Bitumen Handbook, ICE Publishing, 2015.

CODES

1. Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Specifications for Road and Bridge Works, Indian Roads Congress, 2013.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	2	-	3	3	3	3	2	-	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	-	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	2	-	3
CO4	2	2	-	-	1	3	1	3	2	-	1	2
CO5	2	3	1	3	1	3	-	3	1	2	1	2

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3
CO2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3

B.Tech. II (CE) Semester – IV	Scheme	L	Т	Р	Credit
SOIL MECHANICS		3	1	2	05
CE232					

1.	Course Outcomes (COs):
	At the end of the course, the students will be able to
CO1	Classify and identify soils and their engineering properties
CO2	Interpret the laboratory and field-testing results
CO3	Evaluate the permeability, seepage, and compaction characteristics of soil
CO4	Apply the knowledge of effective stress, stress distribution and consolidation to determine
	settlement of soil
CO5	Analyse the shear strength parameters of various types of soil and load carrying capacity of
	shallow and deep foundation.

2.	Syllabus								
	INTRODUCTION	(01 Hour)							
	Need for Soil Engineering Studies- Soil as an Engineering Material -Scope of Geotechnical Engin	neering.							
	BASIC PROPERTIES OF SOIL	(04 Hours)							
	Elementary properties and their measurements - Constituents of soil - Phase diagram – Def parameters and their Interrelationship – In-situ determination of density	initions of varies							
	SOIL CLASSIFICATION, CONSISTENCY LIMITS & CLAY MINERALOGY	(05 Hours)							
	Grain size analysis-Hydrometer method, Particle size distribution curve - Relative Density-Soil of - Soil indices –IS Classification of soil - Clay Mineralogy	consistency limits							
	COMPACTION	(03 Hours)							
	Definition - objectives - Laboratory tests- Zero air void Line -Factors affecting compaction- Effe on properties of soil - Field compaction control - Relative compaction	ect of compaction							
	PERMEABILITY AND SEEPAGE	(04 Hours)							
	Permeability - Darcy's law - Laboratory tests - Field tests - Permeability of stratified deposits- L - Seepage - Flow net	aplace's equation							
	EFFECTIVE STRESS ANALYSIS	(04 Hours)							
	Effective stress principle- Effect of water table fluctuation on effective stress-Effective stress in soil mass due to hydrostatic conditions, capillary action, and steady seepage conditions-Effect of surcharge on effective stress-Quick sand condition								
	STRESS DISTRIBUTION	(04 Hours)							
	Causes of stress in soil- Geostatic stress- Boussinesq's Equation-Stresses due to different types of diagram and pressure bulb- New-mark's influence chart, Approximate Methods-Contact pressure	of loading- Isobar distribution							

CONSOLIDATION	(05 Hours)							
Significance of Consolidation - Initial, primary and secondary consolidation - Spring ana consolidation- Consolidation test- Various parameters - Terzaghi's theory of one-dimension Coefficient of consolidation – Preconsolidation pressure – Secondary consolidation-Field consolidation	Significance of Consolidation - Initial, primary and secondary consolidation - Spring analogy for primary consolidation- Consolidation test- Various parameters - Terzaghi's theory of one-dimensional consolidation - Coefficient of consolidation – Preconsolidation pressure – Secondary consolidation-Field consolidation curve							
SHEAR STRENGTH	(05 Hours)							
Shear parameters –Mohr-Coulomb's Failure Criterion – Various laboratory tests and their 1 Drainage conditions- Modified failure envelop– Pore Pressure Parameters.	nerits & demerits -							
SOIL EXPLORATION	(02 Hours)							
Objectives and methods of explorations-Sampling and its design features, SPT, Cone penetra vane shear test.	tion test and in-situ							
BEARING CAPACITY OF SOIL	(08 Hours)							
Introduction – Basic definitions – Bearing capacity theories – Types of shear failure – Effe Bearing capacity from field tests - plate load test; Introduction to deep foundations – Necessit – Classification of piles – Load carrying capacity of piles	ect of water table – y of pile foundation							
(Total	Lecture Hours: 45)							

3.	Practicals
1	Determination of moisture content, Specific gravity, In-situ density- Core cutter method, Sand
	replacement method.
2	Sieve Analysis
3	Hydrometer analysis
4	Consistency limits of soil
5	Compaction test on soil
6	Determination of coefficient of permeability of soil
7	Estimation of shear strength of non-cohesive soil by direct shear test.
8	Estimation of shear strength of cohesive by Vane shear test and Unconfined Compressive tests.
9	Computation of consolidation parameters
10	Demonstration of Triaxial shear test
11	Site Visit and Interaction with the practitioners in Geotechnical Engineering

4.	Books Recommended
1	K R Arora, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Standard Publishers Distributors, Nai
	Sarak, Delhi, 2008.
2	J E Bowles, Foundation Analysis and Design, McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi, 1996.
3	B M Das, & K Sobhan, Principles of Geotechnical Engineering, Cengage Learning, Boston,
	2018.
4	D P Coduto, M R Yeung, & W A Kitch, Geotechnical Engineering: Principles and Practices, 2 nd
	Ed, Pearson Education, USA, 2017.
5	M Datta, & S Gulati, Geotechnical Engineering, McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi, 2017.

5.	Map	Mapping of COs and POs										
	PO1	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12										
CO1	0	0	3	2	0	3	2	2	3	2	3	3

CO2	0	0	3	2	0	3	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO3	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	2	0	3	0
CO4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0
CO5	0	0	3	2	0	3	2	2	3	2	3	3

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6.	Mapping	g of COs a	nd PSOs
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2
CO2	3	3	3
CO3	2	2	3
CO4	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2
4 T	2 1 (1		TT' 1

1-Low 2-Moderate

3-High

B. Tech. – II (Civil), Semester - IV	L	Т	Р	С
CE 206 Elementary Structural Mechanics	3	0	2	4

1. Course Outcomes:

On Completion of the course, students are able to

CO-1: Find the shear and compressive stresses in structural member subjected to various loadings.

CO-2: Calculate principal stresses and strains for structural member

CO-3: Analyse statically determinate beams and frames with internal hinges

CO-4: Compute displacement of statically determinate trusses and beams

CO-5: Construct influence lines for determinate structures.

2. Syllabus

PRINCIPAL STRESSES & STRAINS

Principal plane – Principal stress – Tangential and normal stress – Derivation of Major and Minor principal stresses for different cases - Mohr's circle graphical method

TORSION

Basic theory of Torsion - Solid shaft - Hollow shaft - Power transmitted by shaft - Composite shafts

COLUMNS AND STRUTS

Euler's theory for columns – Different end conditions – Rankine's formula – Limitations of Euler's theory

BASIC INTRODUCTORY CONCEPTS OF STRUCTURES

Structural Systems – Degrees of Freedom - Determinate and indeterminate structures.

ANALYSIS OF STATICALLY DETERMINATE STRUCTURES (04 Hours)

Analysis of Beams with internal hinges – Analysis of frames.

DISPLACEMENT OF STATICALLY DETERMINE STRUCTURES (12 Hours)

Determination of slope and deflections of beams using successive integration method – Macaulay's Method- Conjugate Beam Method- Determination of deflection of trusses using virtual work method INFLUENCE LINES FOR DETERMINATE STRUCTURES (12 Hours)

Concept of Influence lines – Influence lines for reactions, shear force and bending moment in beams – load position for maximum shear force and bending moment at a section in beam – Absolute maximum bending moment in beams- Influence lines for member forces in Trusses - Muller Breslau's Principle

(Total Lecture Hours: 45)

3. Practicals:

- 1. Torsion Test on MS Specimen
- 2. Compression test on CI Columns
- 3. Deflection of simply supported beam
- 4. Deflection of cantilever beam
- 5. Reactions, Fixed end moment and deflection of a propped cantilever
- 6. Clerks Maxwell reciprocal Theorem

(04 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(03 Hours)

- 7. Behaviour of three hinge arch with a point load at centre
- 8. Behaviour of two hinge arch with a point load at centre
- 9. Behaviour of two pinned arch for a uniformly distributed load
- 10. Behaviour of three pinned arch for a uniformly distributed load
- 11. Behaviour of two pinned arch due to moving load
- 12. Behaviour of three pinned arch due to moving load
- 13. Behaviour of simply supported beam due to moving load
- 14. Deflection of truss
- 15. Study of different 2D & 3D structural models

4. Books Recommended:

- 1 Timoshenko S & Young D H "Elements of Strength of Materials", Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi,2006
- 2 Beer F. P. & Johnston S J, "Strength of Materials" Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication, New Delhi,2016.
- 3 Hibbler R C, "Structural Analysis",6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2018
- 4 Thandavamoorthy T S, "Structural Analysis", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2011
- 5 Gali A, Newville A M, Brown T G, "Structural Analysis A Unified Classical and Matrix Approach, "Sixth Edition, spon Press, UK, 2009

5.	Mapp	oing of	COs a	nd PO	S							
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	-	2	-	2	1	2	1	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	-	2	-	2	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	-	2	-	2	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	-	3	-	2	3	2	1	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	-	3	-	2	1	2	1	-	-	-

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

6.	Mapping	g of COs a	nd PSOs
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	3
CO2	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	2
CO4	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

Fourth Semester (2nd year of UG)-Elective

CE253 AIRPORT ENGINEERING

CO1: To do the planning of orientation of airport elements.

CO2: Analysing the requirement of airport layout with respect to international regulation.

CO3: Design Airport Pavement, Taxiway, and Apron.

CO4: To understand visual aid required for safe landing and takeoff operation from passenger and cargo terminal.

CO5: Summarise the concept of the terminal service facility.

• AIRPORT PLANNING:

Airport planning: commercial service aviation, air cargo, and general aviation; civil aviation airports; major acts and policies of the Ministry of Civil Aviation in India

Aviation organizations and functions: Federal Aviation Administration, International Civil Aviation Organization, Directorate General of Civil Aviation, Airports Authority of India.

Airport planning studies: airport system plan, airport site selection, airport master plan, airport project plan; continuous planning process.

• AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS:

Landing gear configurations, aircraft weight, and engine types.

Atmospheric conditions affecting aircraft performance: air pressure, temperature, wind speed, and direction.

Aircraft performance characteristics: speed, payload, range, runway performance, declared distances, wingtip vortices.

• AIR TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT:

Air traffic separation rules: vertical separation, flight altitudes, longitudinal separation, and lateral separation.

Navigational aids: ground-based systems, satellite-based systems.

• GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF THE AIRFIELD:

Airport classification: utility airports, transport airports.

Runways: runway configurations, runway orientation, the wind rose, estimating runway length, sight distance, and longitudinal profile, transverse gradient, airfield separation requirements, obstacle clearance requirements.

Taxiways and taxi lanes: widths and slopes, taxiway and taxi lane separation requirements, sight distance and longitudinal profile, exit taxiway geometry, location of exit taxiways, design of taxiway curves and intersections, and end-around taxiways.

• STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF AIRPORT PAVEMENTS:

(06 Hours)

LTPC

(05 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(10 Hours)

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Soil investigation and evaluation: CBR, plate bearing test, Young's modulus, the effect of frost on soil strength, subgrade stabilization.

FAA pavement design methods: equivalent aircraft method, cumulative damage failure method.

Design of flexible pavements: CBR method, layered elastic design.

Design of rigid pavements: Westergaard's analysis, finite element theory, joints and joint spacing, continuously reinforced concrete pavements.

• AIRPORT LIGHTING, MARKING, AND SIGNAGE:

Requirements of visual aids, approach lighting system configurations, visual approach slope aids, threshold lighting.

Runway lighting, taxiway lighting.

Runway and taxiway marking, airfield signage.

• PLANNING AND DESIGN OF THE TERMINAL AREA: (06 Hours)

Passenger terminal system and its components.

Design considerations: terminal demand parameters, facility classification, level of service criteria.

Terminal planning process: overall space requirements, concept development, horizontal distribution concepts, vertical distribution concepts.

Apron gate system: number of gates, ramp charts, gate size, aircraft parking type, apron layout, apron circulation, passenger conveyance to aircraft, apron utility requirements.

(Total contact hours: 45)

(06 Hours)

REFERENCES:

- 1) Khanna, S. K., Arora, M. G., and Jain, S. S. *Airport planning and Design*, Sixth Edition, Nem Chand and Bros, Roorkee, India, 2012.
- 2) Kumar, V., and Chandra, S. *Air Transportation Planning and Design*, Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India, 1999.
- 3) Ashford, N. J., Mumayiz, S. A., and Wright, P. H. *Airport Engineering: Planning, Design and Development of 21st Century Airports*, Fourth Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, USA, 2011.
- 4) Horonjeff, R., McKelvey, F. X., Sproule, W. J., and Young, S. B. *Planning and Design of Airports*, Fifth Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, USA, 2010.
- 5) Young, S. B., and Wells, A. T. *Airport Planning and Management*, Sixth Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, USA, 2011.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	3	1	0	1	1	1	2	1	0	2

CO2	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
CO3	3	2	3	3	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0
CO4	2	1	2	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	1
CO5	1	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	2

Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	1
CO2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3
CO4	1	1	2
CO5	2	2	2

Note: 1: Slightly 2: Moderately 3: Substantially 0: None

CE 254 TOWN PLANNING

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

CO 1: Perceive significance of town with respect to legislation and administration.

- CO 2: Analyze urbanization growth with land use planning.
- CO 3: Implement different guidelines, norms, land use planning policies, and survey techniques.
- CO 4: Design of Housing Society based on development control regulations.
- CO 5: Appraise the urban infrastructure projects under various Government Scheme.

2. Syllabus

- TOWN PLANNING CONCEPT, EVOLUTION & DEVELOPMENT:
 - Significance of town planning, Planning in Ancient, Medieval & Modern Periods, Contribution of noted urban planners, Planning legislation and administration.

URBAN SETTLEMENT CLASSIFICATION & STRUCTURE: •

India's Urbanization, Growth theories, Urban form, Activity structure, Land use and density structure, Town classification, Multi-nuclei urban development.

TOWN COMPONENT:

Town Centre, Fringe Area, Impact of CBD on peripheral area development, issues and challenges of CBD and fringe area planning

INDUSTRIES: Types industries, Site selection criteria, environmental consideration.

- **PLANNING SURVEYS & APPLICATIONS:** (05 Hours) Significance of surveys, Types, Planning parameters, Analysis and applications of Planning Surveys.
- **URBAN PLANNING & DESIGN:**

Objectives & principals, Land use planning, Zonal planning, Neighborhood planning, Development plan and control regulations, T.P. Scheme norms & methodology, New towns, Metro regions, Concept of Urban Design.

HOUSING:

Building Byelaws, Residential Area Planning, Income Groups, Building Forms and Density Pattern, Concept of Township, Neighbourhood, Special Area Planning.

URBAN INFRASTRUCTURES AND GOVERNMENT INITIATIVES:

Brief about Social and Physical Infrastructures, Transport Infrastructure, Importance and challenges in providing Water Supply, Drainage, Storm Water, Solid Waste Management and other infrastructures at city level, Issues at National and International level

3. Books Recommended

- 1. Modak N.V. and V.N. Ambdekar, "Town and Country Planning and Housing", Orient Longman Ltd., New Delhi. (1995)
- 2. Hiraskar G.K. "Fundamentals of Town Planning", Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi (1993).
- 3. Gallion A., Eisner S., (2005), "The Urban Pattern: City planning and design", CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt.

Т Р С L 3 0 0 3

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(02 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(08 Hours)

Ltd, Delhi.

- 4. Ward S., (2002), "Planning the 20th Century City" John Willer & Sons.
- 5. Shivramakrishnan K. C., (2011), "Revisioning Indian Cities", Sage Publications.

4. Mapping of COs with PSOs and POs

CO					Prog	gram Spe	cific Out	tcome					Program Outcomes		
co	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	1	1	0	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	1	2	1	1	0	2	0	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	2	0	3	1	0	0	2	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	2	0	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	1	1	0	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3

3=Fully Meet; 2=Partially Meet; 1= Poorly Meet; 0 = Not Meet

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understanding of building typologies, climatology, historical planning and development
CO2	Review of sustainable building planning policies, implementation and innovative materials
CO3	Assessing the building performance by applying sustainable techniques
CO4	Evaluating residential and commercial building at neighbourhood level
CO5	Making business case

2. Syllabus

SUSTAINABLE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT:

Fundamentals of sustainability; Historical planning and development; Vernacular Architecture; climatic zones and parameters; Environmental impact on building cluster; Norms, guidelines, codes and policies; Stakeholder's role

SUSTAINABLE BUILDING PLANNING:

Fundamentals of passive planning and design, climatology, thermal comfort, visual comfort and acoustic comfort, Minimization of natural resource utilization, Environment protection, site planning, energy conservation through planning and modeling, building technologies, indoor air quality, barriers to implementation of sustainable building measures

GREATER EFFICIENCY:

Role of envelope, day light, daylight simulation, electric lighting and occupant behavior, thermal mass and Heat flow, thermal load, thermal simulation, heating cooling and ventilation (HVAC), role of planning and alternative material for reduction of operational energy in the building, life cycle cost, Net zero, Grid free, water & energy plus, checklist for sustainability, greater efficiency recommendations for sustainable buildings

BUILDING PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT:

Concept, tools at international and national level, Energy code ECBC requirement, NBC, Recent researches on sustainable building development, assessment tools - Open source, licensed software for performance assessment and energy compliance, Case studies of residential and commercial buildings

GREEN SERVICES:

Climate and effect of built environment, Impact of urbanization on sustainability, Circular Economy through water and drainage network, Zero waste management, radiation budget, surface water balance, effect of trees and microclimate, modification through greening

MAKING THE BUSINESS CASE:

Green building Evaluation Systems; LEED Certification; Green Certification, WGBC, GRIHA, IGBC, EDGE, ASSOCHAM and CPWD green rating, SBTool, process and certification

(Total Lectures: 45 hours)

(15 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(04 Hours)

Р С L Т 3 0 3 0

(06 Hours)

(04 Hours)

3. References

- 1. Wheeler S. M. (2004), Planning for sustainability: creating livable, equitable and ecological communities, 2nd ed, Routledge, Taylor and Francis group, New York.
- 2. Maiellaro N. (2001), Towards sustainable building, Kluwer academic publishers, Netherlands,
- 3. "Sustainable building design manual: Sustainable building design practices" by The Energy and Resources Institute, New Delhi.
- 4. Takahiko Hasegawa T. (2003), Environmentally sustainable buildings: challenges and policies, Paris: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, 2003.
- Glavinich T.E., Contractor's Guide to Green Building Construction: Management, Project Delivery, Documentation, and Risk Reduction, Wiley; 2008 Lo C.P. & Yeung A.K.W. (2006), Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, 2nd ed, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

4. CO-PO-PSO Mapping:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	1	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	1	2	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2
CO3	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	2	3	1	1	2
CO5	2	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	1	2	3

Advanced Surveying	L	Т	Р	Credit
CE258	3	1	0	04

<u>1. Course Outcomes (COs)</u>

At the end of the Course the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyze computation and measurement of relief displacement, development of mosaic etc. using principle of photogrammetry
CO2	Compute and detail Azimuth, Declination etc. of celestial bodies using principle of astronomy.
CO3	Analyze the problem and its remedial measures pertaining to hydrographic Survey
CO4	Explain the concept of EDM and Total Station Survey
CO5	Explain advanced surveying techniques of Terrain Data Collection including ALTM, LIDAR, DEM

2. Syllabus

Photogrammetric Survey	(12 Hours)					
Introduction, Technical terms, Aerial photogrammetry, Types of photographs, Vertical photographs,						
Uses of aerial photographs, Flying height & scale, Relief displacement, Stereoscopy, Measurement						
of parallax and height determination, Mosaic preparation						
Principles of Field Astronomy	(10 Hours)					
Introduction, purposes, astronomical terms, determination of azimuth, latitude, longitude and time	× ,					
corrections to the observations.						
Hydrographic Surveys	(08 Hours)					
Objects, Applications, Establishing controls, Shore line survey, Sounding, Sounding equipment,	、 <i>,</i>					
Methods of locating soundings, conventional and using GPS, Reduction of soundings, Plotting of						
soundings, Nautical sextant and its use, Three point problem and its use, solution of three point						
problem by all methods, Tides and tide gauges, determination of MSL						
EDM and Total Station Survey						
General Process of EDM, Principle of EDM, Electromagnetic Waves, Phase and Types of Waves,	()					
Distance Measurement by Transit time and by Phase difference, Electro-optical, Infrared and						
Microwave, Total Station – Function and Process, Applications, Sources of Errors						
Terrain Data Collection	(07 Hours)					
Airborne laser thematic mapper (ALTM), LIDAR, Profiles, Digital Elevation Models						
(Total Lectur						
	,					

4. BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- W. Schofield, "Engineering Surveying", Butterworth-Heinemann Publication, New Delhi (2001)
 Punmia B.C., "Surveying and Levelling, Vol. II & III", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi(1994)

- Arora K.R., "Surveying and Levelling, Vol. III", Standard Publications, Delhi (2000).
 Lille sand T. M. and Kiefer. R.W., "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation", 4th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, (2002).
- 10. Agrawal N.K., "Essentials of GPS" Spatial Network Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad (1997).
- 11. Stan Aron off, "Geographic Information Systems: A management perspective", WDL Publications, Canada, (1989)

	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PO-8	PO-9	PO-	PO-	PO-
										10	11	12
CO-1	1	1	2	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO-2	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2
CO-3	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	1
CO-4	2	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO-5	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1	2	3	3	2

5. Mapping of COs and POs

6. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO-1	PSO-2	PSO-3
CO-1	1	2	3
CO-2	2	2	3
CO-3	1	1	2
CO-4	2	1	2
CO-5	1	3	2

1. Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Analyse uniform flow in open channels
CO2	Analyse non-uniform flow in open channels
CO3	Analyse spatially varied flow
CO4	Analyse unsteady flow in channels
CO5	Apply numerical methods for unsteady flow calculations

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

UNIFORM FLOW

Specific energy, Specific energy curve and its limitations, critical depth and section factor for critical flow computations, open channel flow transitions, standing wave, venture flumes, control sections and hydraulic exponent for critical flow computations.

NON-UNIFORM FLOW •

Rapidly varied flow, specific force curve and its application in the analysis of hydraulic jump, hydraulic jump characteristics Assumptions in GVF analysis, dynamic equation of GVF, classification of channel slopes, GVF profiles, its identification and computation, applications

SPATIALLY VARIED FLOW •

Basic principles and assumptions, differential equations, analysis of flow profiles and flow through side weirs and bottom racks.

UNSTEADY FLOW •

Waves, classification of waves, waves celerity, occurrences of unsteady flow, height and celerity of gravity waves, governing equations for one dimensional flow, St. Vennant equation and numerical methods.

UNSTEADY FLOW NUMERICAL METHODS •

Method of characteristics, Finite difference methods, explicit and implicit finite difference schemes, consistency, stability.

(Total Lectures: 45 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(10 Hours)

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3. Books Recommended

- 1. G L Asawa, "Fluid Flow in Pipes and Channels", CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2014.
- 2. H M Chaudhary., Open Channel flow, Prantice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 1993.
- 3. V T Chow, Open Channel Hydraulics, McGraw-Hill Book Company, International editions, New Delhi, 1973.
- 4. K Subramanya, Flow in open channels, Sixth edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2001.
- 5. R <u>Srivastava</u>, Flow through open channels, Oxford Higher Education, Oxford University Press, Jericho, 2007.

4. Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

1-Low 2-Moderate 3-High

5. Mapping of COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	2	1	1	
CO2	1	1	1	
CO3	1	1	1	
CO4	1	1	1	1
CO5	1	1	1	
1-Low	2-1	Moderate	e 3-H	ligh